

# A Guide to DigDag.dk

## Accessing the Interactive Historical Maps

## The interactive historical map on *DigDag* is easy to use!

- There are many options for using the interactive map. This guide is meant to give you the tools needed to use the different functions on the website.

### Words to Know in order to use the website effectively...

Danish	English	Danish	English	Danish	English	Danish	English
Administrativ	Administrative	Gods	Estate	Len	County (former)	Ret	Court
Amt/Amtslig	County	Herred	Court district	Luk	Close	Retslig	Courtly
Amråd	County council	Historisk	Historical	Moderne	Modern	Stat	State
Beskrivelse	Description	Inddeling	Division	Navn	Name	Statsforvaltning	State manager
Birk	Court district	Kancelli	Chancellery	Noter	Notes	Stift	Diocese
Der vises	As is shown	Kilder	Sources	Officiøst	Official	Søg/søgning	Search
Distrikt	District	Kirkelig	Churchly	Om	About	Sted	Place
Dobbeltkort	Double map	Koder	Codes	Område	Area	Sogn	Parish
Efter	After	Kommune	Commune	Overordnede	Upper jurisdictions	Til	To
Ejerlav	Owner district	Kort	Map	Overret	Upper court	Underordnede	Lower jurisdictions
Fogderi	Sherrif district	Kreds	District	Politi	police	Vejledning	Guidance
Forligkreds	Settlement circuit	Købstad	City	Provsti	Deanery	Væsen	Entity
Geografisk	geographical	Land	Country	Region	Region	Øvrige	Other

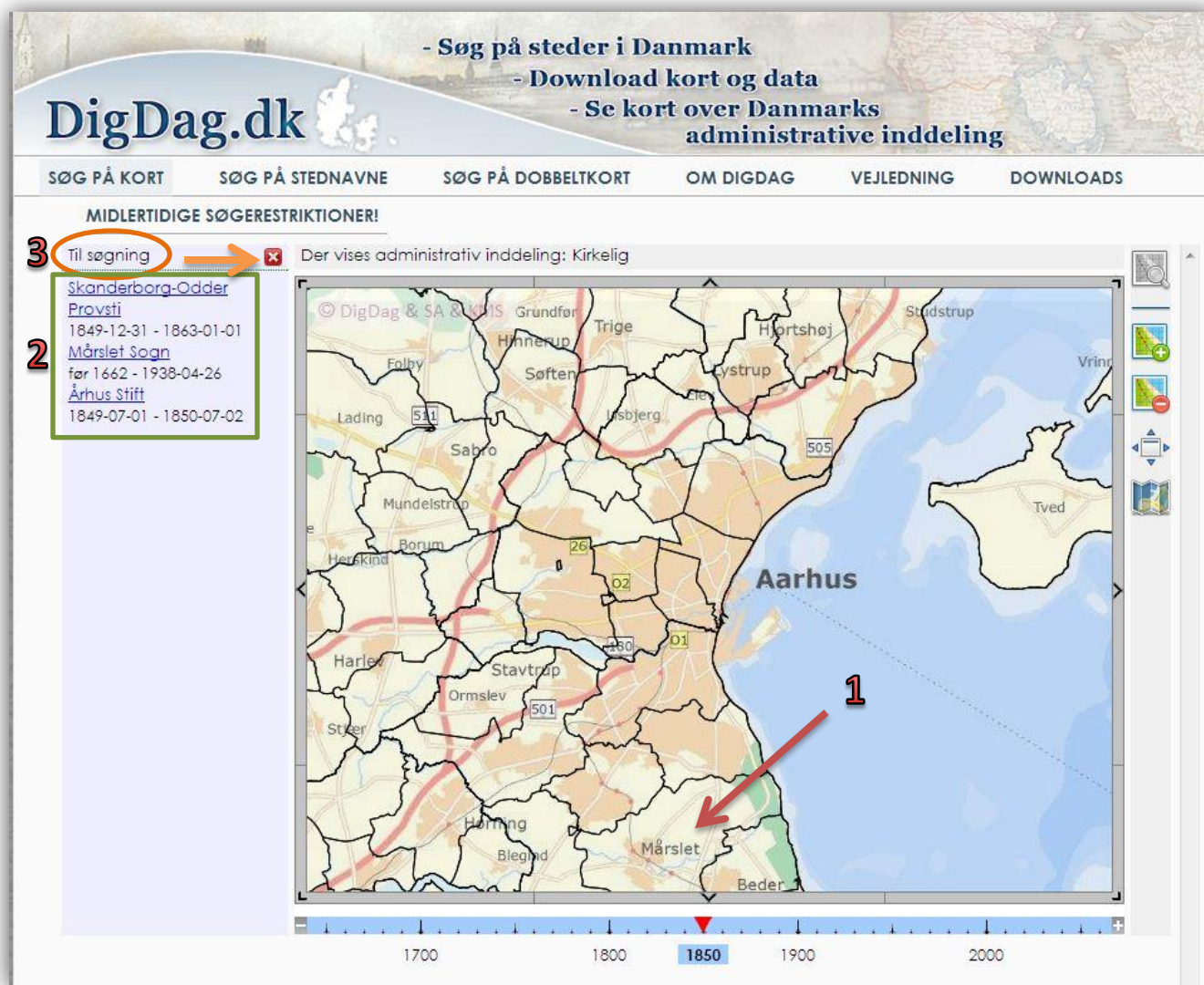
To begin using the website, go to [www.digdag.dk](http://www.digdag.dk). On the website, there is no right or wrong way to use it. It is merely an interactive historical map. There are many options available for using the map.

1. *Search the map:* this links to the main page of the website, the map search.
2. *Search for a place name:* see page 6.
3. *Search the double map:* see page 7.
4. *About DigDag:* learn about the website
5. *Guidance/help*
6. *Downloads*
7. *Time period:* enter the date you wish to see. The map has information back to the mid 1600s
8. *Jurisdictional boundaries:* use these choices to choose the boundaries you wish to see.
9. *What jurisdiction is currently shown*
10. *Search the map*
11. *Zoom in*
12. *Zoom out*
13. *Full screen*
14. *Choose the Map background*

The screenshot shows the DigDag.dk website interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "1 SØG PÅ KORT", "2 SØG PÅ STEDNAVNE", "3 SØG PÅ DOBBELTKORT", "4 OM DIGDAG", "5 VEJLEDNING", and "6 DOWNLOADS". Below these, there are search filters: "MIDLERTIDIGE SØGERESTRIKTIONER!" and "Der vises administrativ inddeling: Amtslig/regional". A date selector shows "Tid: 2013 03 07". A list of administrative divisions is shown: "Administrativ inddeling: Kommunal, Amtslig/regional, Kirkelig, Retslig, Geografisk, Politivæsen, Øvrige". A red arrow points to the map area with the text "Click on arrows to move the map". The map itself shows Denmark with various cities labeled, including København, Odense, and Ålborg. A vertical "MAP" label is on the right. A timeline at the bottom shows years from 1700 to 2013, with 2013 highlighted.

If there is a specific jurisdiction you wish to learn more about...

1. Double click on the jurisdiction shown on the map
2. A list of the jurisdiction names will appear. For more information see page 5.
3. To return to the search page click on the 'x' in the red box.





When you click on a jurisdiction name (as discussed on p. 4), a new page full of information concerning the jurisdiction will appear. This information can help you determine where you should search for records.

1. *Jurisdiction name*: At the top of the page, you will find the jurisdiction name in blue, and the time period the jurisdiction existed.
2. *Official name spelling of the jurisdictions*
3. *Short history of the jurisdiction*
4. *Sources*: this box cites the sources used in compiling information on the jurisdiction.
5. *Codes*
6. *Notes*: any other information concerning the jurisdiction
7. *Over Jurisdictions*: all jurisdictions that the main jurisdiction falls under
8. *Lower Jurisdictions*: all jurisdictions that fall under the main jurisdiction..
9. *Show Data*
10. *Pin point on map*
11. *Show on map*
12. *Close the box*: click on the 'x' in the red box to close the screen and return to the map

The screenshot shows the FamilySearch interface for the jurisdiction of Mårslet Sogn. The page is annotated with numbers 1 through 12, corresponding to the list on the left. A red box with an 'x' icon is in the top left corner, and a 'Luk' button is next to it. The main content area is divided into sections: Jurisdiction name, Official name spelling, Short history, Sources, Codes, Notes, Over Jurisdictions, and Lower Jurisdictions. The page also includes a map on the right side.

**Annotations:**

- 1. Mårslet Sogn
- 2. er Sogn fra før 1662 til nu
- 3. Officiøst navn fra 1662 til 2009 er Mårslet Sogn
- 4. Mårslet Sogn
- 5. er Mårslet Sogn som er Stavemåde
- 6. Officiøst navn fra 1662 til 2009 på Sogn
- 7. Kilder
- 8. Karl-Erik Frandsen, Danmarks Administrative Inddeling bd. I: Atlas, Dansk Historisk Fællesforening, 1984. (DAI 1984)
- 9. Kort- og Matrikelstyrelsen 2009 (KMS 2009)
- 10. Gunner Linds sognebase 1990 (Lind 1990)
- 11. Koder
- 12. KB DK5 (1985 - 2006) 1111,141,44(88)

**Content:**

**Mårslet Sogn**  
er Sogn fra før 1662 til nu

Officiøst navn fra 1662 til 2009 er Mårslet Sogn

Mårslet Sogn  
er Mårslet Sogn som er Stavemåde  
Officiøst navn fra 1662 til 2009 på Sogn

Kilder

Karl-Erik Frandsen, Danmarks Administrative Inddeling bd. I: Atlas, Dansk Historisk Fællesforening, 1984. (DAI 1984)  
Kort- og Matrikelstyrelsen 2009 (KMS 2009)  
Gunner Linds sognebase 1990 (Lind 1990)

Koder

KB DK5 (1985 - 2006) 1111,141,44(88)  
IM sogn - 2010 (1970 - ) 8105  
DigDag sogn ( - ) 1089  
KMS nr. (1954 - ) 1030500  
NATMUS top nr. (1911 - ) 2117  
NATMUS st nr. (1967 - ) 150406  
NFI områdenr. (1911 - ) 2117  
AO sogn ( - ) 8119

Noter

Ændring: Kilde: (SM) Statistiske Meddelelser

Matr. 1g og 1h af Moesgaard Hdg. i Mårslet kommune indlemmes i v og g henseende i Århus købstad.

Overordnede

Underordnede

Fra 1785-1816 [Højballe Ejerlav](#)

Fra 1000-1682 [Hørret Ejerlav](#)

Fra 1000-1682 [Langballe Ejerlav](#)

If you can't find the desired jurisdiction on the map, you can do a manual search.

1. *Search box:* Enter the jurisdiction name into the box.
2. *Choose whether to search the historical or modern maps*
3. *Find:* click on the 'find' button to search the database for the jurisdiction you entered.
4. *Search the area:* If you know the general area the jurisdiction is in, click on this button to search the area.
5. *Middle Ages search restriction information*
6. *Jurisdiction information:* After pressing 'find' a list of possible options will appear. The jurisdiction names will be in blue
7. *Description:* if you click on the '+' sign you will be given more information concerning the jurisdiction.
8. *Short history:* sometimes a short history concerning the jurisdiction will be listed at the bottom.

The screenshot shows the DigDag.dk website interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "SØG PÅ KORT", "SØG PÅ STEDNAVNE", "SØG PÅ DOBBELTKORT", "OM DIGDAG", "VEJLEDNING", and "DOWNLOADS". Below these, there are three main sections: "MIDLERTIDIGE SØGERESTRIKTIONER!" (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 5), "Søg efter sted:" (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 1), and "Søg i:" (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 2). The "Søg i:" section has two checkboxes: "Moderne form" and "Historisk form". Below this is a "Søgeområde" section (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 4) and a "Find" button (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 3). The search results for "Brahetrolleborg" are displayed. The results include the name "Brahetrolleborg" (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 6), the "Officielt navn på Stednavn: Brahetrolleborg", and a "Beskrivelse" section (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 7). The "Beskrivelse" section contains a list of historical names and dates: "S.oghgd", "tr.Åitb.ÅR", "Htrcl;BbcR", "M 1688 Brahe Trolleborg Brahetrolleborg", "Jb 1690 Rantzoholm som nu kaldes Brahetrolleborg", "VSKOrig Brahetrolleborg", "DArt Brahetrolleborg", "M 1844 Brahetrolleborg", and "Gst Brahetrolleborg". Below this list is a paragraph of text: "— Rantzausholm mageskiftedes 1667 til Birgitte Trolle, der var gift med Manderup Brahe. Herregården og sognet kaldes i almindelighed kun Trolleborg. Om efterleddet borg se indl." At the bottom of the results, there is a "Bind: ds13; Side: 86; Nr: 119; Id: 92979; Hvor: 1058 Brahetrolleborg s., Sallinge h.." (with a red arrow pointing to it labeled 8).

The "double map" feature allows you to see two overlaying, or over lapping, maps. Searching on a "double map" can be very helpful when trying to understand how boundaries change over time, or to see how smaller jurisdictions fit in larger jurisdictions.

1. *Jurisdiction options 1*: Enter the first jurisdiction you wish to see, including the time period
2. *Jurisdiction options 2*: Enter the second jurisdiction and the time.
3. *Choose color*: To better distiguish the two jurisdictions, choose a color for the 2nd jurisdiction.
4. *Current jurisdictions*: shows the current jurisdictions .

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